

Package ‘crane’

February 24, 2025

Title Supplements the 'gtsummary' Package for Pharmaceutical Reporting

Version 0.1.0

Description Tables summarizing clinical trial results are often complex and require detailed tailoring prior to submission to a health authority. The 'crane' package supplements the functionality of the 'gtsummary' package for creating these often highly bespoke tables in the pharmaceutical industry.

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URL <https://github.com/insightsengineering/crane>,
<https://insightsengineering.github.io/crane/>

BugReports <https://github.com/insightsengineering/crane/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.2)

Imports cli (>= 3.6.4), dplyr (>= 1.1.4), flextable (>= 0.9.7), gt (>= 0.11.1), gtsummary (>= 2.1.0), rlang (>= 1.1.5)

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/Needs/check hms

Config/Needs/website rmarkdown, yaml, insightsengineering/nesttemplate

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/testthat/parallel true

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

NeedsCompilation no

Author Daniel D. Sjoberg [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0862-2018>>),
Emily de la Rúa [aut],
Davide Garolini [aut],
Abinaya Yogasekaram [aut],
F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG [cph, fnd]

Maintainer Daniel D. Sjoberg <daniel.d.sjoberg@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-02-24 17:00:07 UTC

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add_blank_row	<i>Add Blank Row</i>
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Description

Add a blank row below each variable group. A blank row will not be added to the bottom of the table.

NOTE: For HTML flextable output (which includes the RStudio IDE Viewer), the blank rows do not render. But they will appear when the table is rendered to Word.

Usage

```
add_blank_row(x)
```

Arguments

`x` (gtsummary)
a 'gtsummary' table. The table must include a column named 'variable' in `x$table_body`.

Value

updated 'gtsummary' table

Examples

```
gtsummary::trial |>
  tbl_demographics(
    by = trt,
    include = c(age, marker, grade)
  ) |>
  add_blank_row()
```

roche_pvalue	<i>Round p-values</i>
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Description

Round p-values

Usage

```
roche_pvalue(
  x,
  big.mark = ifelse(decimal.mark == ",", " ", ","),
  decimal.mark = getOption("OutDec"),
  ...
)

label_roche_pvalue(
  big.mark = ifelse(decimal.mark == ",", " ", ","),
  decimal.mark = getOption("OutDec"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	(numeric) Numeric vector of p-values.
big.mark	(string) Character used between every 3 digits to separate hundreds/thousands/millions/etc. Default is " ", except when decimal.mark = "," when the default is a space.
decimal.mark	(string) The character to be used to indicate the numeric decimal point. Default is "." or getOption("OutDec")
...	Arguments passed on to base::format()

Value

A character vector of rounded p-values

Examples

```
x <- c(0.0000001, 0.123456)

roche_pvalue(x)
label_roche_pvalue()(x)
```

tbl_demographics *Demographics Table*

Description

This is a thin wrapper of `gtsummary::tbl_summary()` with the following differences:

- Default summary type for continuous variables is 'continuous2'.
- Number of non-missing observations is added for each variable by default and placed on the row under the header.
- The `tbl_summary(missing*)` arguments have been renamed to `tbl_demographics(nonmissing*)` with updated default values.
- The default footnotes from `tbl_summary()` are removed.

Usage

```
tbl_demographics(
  data,
  by = NULL,
  label = NULL,
  statistic = list(all_continuous() ~ c("{mean} ({sd})", "{median}", "{min} - {max}"),
    all_categorical() ~ "{n} ({p}%")),
  digits = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  value = NULL,
  nonmissing = c("always", "ifany", "no"),
  nonmissing_text = "n",
  nonmissing_stat = "{N_nonmiss}",
  sort = all_categorical(FALSE) ~ "alphanumeric",
  percent = c("column", "row", "cell"),
  include = everything()
)
```

Arguments

data	(data.frame) A data frame.
by	(tidy-select) A single column from data. Summary statistics will be stratified by this variable. Default is NULL.
label	(formula-list-selector) Used to override default labels in summary table, e.g. <code>list(age = "Age, years")</code> . The default for each variable is the column label attribute, <code>attr(., 'label')</code> . If no label has been set, the column name is used.

statistic	(formula-list-selector) Specifies summary statistics to display for each variable. The default is <code>list(all_continuous() ~ "{median} ({p25}, {p75})", all_categorical() ~ "{n} ({p}%)")</code> . See below for details.
digits	(formula-list-selector) Specifies how summary statistics are rounded. Values may be either integer(s) or function(s). If not specified, default formatting is assigned via <code>assign_summary_digits()</code> . See below for details.
type	(formula-list-selector) Specifies the summary type. Accepted values are <code>c("continuous", "continuous2", "categorical", "dichotomous")</code> . If not specified, default type is assigned via <code>assign_summary_type()</code> . See below for details.
value	(formula-list-selector) Specifies the level of a variable to display on a single row. The <code>gtsummary</code> type selectors, e.g. <code>all_dichotomous()</code> , cannot be used with this argument. Default is <code>NULL</code> . See below for details.
nonmissing, nonmissing_text, nonmissing_stat	Arguments dictating how and if missing values are presented: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>nonmissing</code>: must be one of <code>c("always", "ifany", "no")</code> • <code>nonmissing_text</code>: string indicating text shown on non-missing row. Default is <code>"n"</code> • <code>nonmissing_stat</code>: statistic to show on non-missing row. Default is <code>"{N_nonmiss}"</code>. Possible values are <code>N_nonmiss, N_miss, N_obs,, p_nonmiss p_miss</code>.
sort	(formula-list-selector) Specifies sorting to perform for categorical variables. Values must be one of <code>c("alphanumeric", "frequency")</code> . Default is <code>all_categorical(FALSE) ~ "alphanumeric"</code> .
percent	(string) Indicates the type of percentage to return. Must be one of <code>c("column", "row", "cell")</code> . Default is <code>"column"</code> .
include	(tidy-select) Variables to include in the summary table. Default is <code>everything()</code> .

Value

a 'gtsummary' table

Examples

```
# Example 1 -----
gtsummary::trial |>
  tbl_demographics(
    by = trt,
    include = c(age, grade)
  )
```

theme_gtsummary_roche *Roche Theme*

Description

A gtsummary theme for Roche tables

- Calls the `gtsummary::theme_gtsummary_compact()` theme.
- Uses `label_roche_pvalue()` as the default formatting function for all p-values.
- Defaults to a mono-spaced font for gt tables.

Usage

```
theme_gtsummary_roche(set_theme = TRUE, font_size = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>set_theme</code>	(scalar logical) Logical indicating whether to set the theme. Default is TRUE. When FALSE the named list of theme elements is returned invisibly
<code>font_size</code>	(scalar numeric) Numeric font size for compact theme. Default is 13 for gt tables, and 8 for all other output types

Value

theme list

Examples

```
theme_gtsummary_roche()
```

```
tbl_demographics(gtsummary::trial, by = trt, include = c(age, grade))
```

```
gtsummary::reset_gtsummary_theme()
```

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